

CONSTITUTION OF BOTSWANA
DELIMITATION OF CONSTITUENCIES, 1983
(Published on 6th May 1983)

PROCLAMATION

By His Excellency

Dr Q.K.J. Masire, P.H., LL.D., J.P., M.P. President of the Republic of Botswana.

WHEREAS section 64 of the Constitution of Botswana provides for the appointment by the Judicial Service Commission of the Delimitation Commission:

AND WHEREAS subsection (1) of section 65 of the Constitution provides that the Delimitation Commission shall as soon as practicable after its appointment submit to the President a report which shall state whether any alteration is necessary to the boundaries of the constituencies returning Elected Members to the National Assembly:

AND WHEREAS subsection (4) of section 65 of the Constitution provides that the President shall as soon as practicable after the submission of the report by the said Commission by Proclamation published in the Gazette declare the boundaries of the constituencies as delimited by the Commission:

AND WHEREAS a Delimitation Commission was duly appointed by the Judicial Service Commission on the 14th August, 1982.

AND WHEREAS the Delimitation Commission submitted to me, QUETT KETUMILE JONI MASIRE, President of the Republic of Botswana, the report referred to above on the 8th April, 1983:

NOW THEREFORE, I do hereby declare, proclaim and make known that the boundaries of the constituencies of Botswana for the purpose of the election of Members of the National Assembly shall be as heretofore delimited as described in the Schedule to this Proclamation:

AND this Proclamation shall come into force at the next dissolution of the National Assembly:

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and cause the Public Seal of the Republic of Botswana to be hereunto affixed.

DONE at GABORONE this 20th day of April in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eighty three.

Q.K.J. MASIRE,
President.

E.M.W.J. LEGWAILA,
Acting Custodian of the Public Seal.

SCHEDULE

CONSTITUENCIES DELIMITED BY THE COMMISSION

NOTE:

In this Schedule:

- (a) reference to a district boundary means the boundary of the administrative district named as defined under the Administrative Districts Act (Cap. 03:02) at the date of this Report;

- (c) reference to a tribal territory boundary means the boundary of the tribal territory named as defined under the Tribal Territories Act (Cap. 32:03) at the date of this Report;
- (c) reference to a road means —
 - (i) in cases where the road is described under the Public Roads Act (Cap. 69:04), the road as so described at the date of this Report;
 - (ii) in other cases, the road in general use at the date of this Report between the places named;
- (d) reference to a township boundary means the boundary of the township named as defined under the Townships Act (Cap. 40:02) at the date of this Report; and
- (e) reference to the end of a railway siding or station means the point where the railway tracks through that siding or station join to become a single track.

CONSTITUENCY NO. 1

NAME: The Maun and Chobe Constituency **BOUNDARY:**

Commencing on the international boundary between Botswana and the Caprivi Strip at the junction of the Chobe River and the boundary dividing Ngamiland and Chobe District; thence southwards along the said boundary to latitude 19° South; thence westwards along latitude 19° South to longitude 23° 30' East; thence in a straight line south-south-westwards to the most northerly point of the Tsetse Fly Control outer Game Fence; thence in a straight line southwards to the junction of the Tsetse Fly Control inner Game Fence and the Marope River; thence downstream along the said river to its junction with the Thamalakane River; thence continuing downstream along the Thamalakane River to its junction with the Boteti and Nxhabe rivers; thence in a straight line due south to the southern boundary of the Ngamiland District; thence eastwards and generally northwards, eastwards and northwards along the Ngamiland District boundary to latitude 19° South at the north-western corner of the Central District; thence eastwards along latitude 19° South to the international boundary between Botswana and Zimbabwe; thence along that boundary north-westwards to its junction with the Zambezi river; thence generally south-westwards along the international boundary between Botswana and the Caprivi Strip to the point of commencement.

POPULATION BASED CENSUS: 32 292

CONSTITUENCY NO. 2

NAME: The Okavango Constituency
BOUNDARY:

Commencing on the international boundary between Botswana and the Caprivi Strip at the junction of the Chobe river and the boundary dividing the Ngamiland and Chobe Districts being a point on the Maun and Chobe Constituency boundary; thence generally south-westwards, north-westwards and westwards along that international boundary to longitude 21° East; thence southwards along the international boundary between Botswana and Namibia to latitude 19° 15' South; thence in straight line due east to the western boundary of the Maun and Chobe Constituency; thence north-eastwards, eastwards and northwards along the said boundary to the point of commencement.

POPULATION BASED ON CENSUS: 22 804

CONSTITUENCY NO. 3

NAME: The Ngami Constituency

BOUNDARY:

Commencing at a point on the international boundary between Botswana and Namibia on latitude 19° 15' South, being a point on the Okavango Constituency boundary; thence eastwards along the southern boundary of the Okavango Constituency to the point of junction of that boundary and the western boundary of the Maun and Chobe Constituency; thence generally southwards along the said western boundary to the point of junction of that boundary and the southern boundary of the Ngamiland District; thence westwards along the said southern boundary to the international boundary between Botswana and Namibia; thence northwards along the said boundary to the point of commencement.

POPULATION BASED ON CENSUS: 21 888

CONSTITUENCY NO. 4

NAME: Ghanzi Constituency

BOUNDARY:

1. The boundaries of the Ghanzi District and
2. The Farms 1—LO and 2—LO

POPULATION BASED ON CENSUS: 19 096

CONSTITUENCY NO. 5

NAME: The Kgalagadi Constituency

BOUNDARY:

The boundaries of the Kgalagadi District.

POPULATION BASED ON CENSUS: 24 059

CONSTITUENCY No. 6

NAME: The North-East Constituency

BOUNDARY:

Commencing at the junction of the western boundary of the North East District and the international boundary between Botswana and Zimbabwe at the North-west corner of the said district; thence southwards along the said district boundary to the point of intersection of that boundary and the main Francistown — Maun road; thence south-eastwards along the said road to its point of intersection with the Francistown Township boundary; thence along the said boundary eastwards, northwards south-eastwards, northwards and south-eastwards to the point of intersection of the boundary and the western boundary of the Railway Reserve; thence generally northwards along the said boundary of the Railway Reserve to the point of intersection of that reserve and the prolongation of the northern boundary of Farm 6—NQ; thence along the said prolongation to the north-west corner of Farm 6—NQ; thence eastwards along the northern boundary of Farm 6—NQ to its intersection with the international boundary between Botswana and Zimbabwe; thence northwards and westwards along the said international boundary to the point of commencement.

POPULATION BASED ON CENSUS: 29 887

CONSTITUENCY NO. 7

NAME: Francistown Constituency

BOUNDARY:

Commencing at the point of intersection of the western boundary of the North-East District and the main Francistown — Maun road, being a point on the North-East Constituency boundary; thence generally eastwards along the said North-East Constituency boundary to the point of its intersection with the international boundary between Botswana and Zimbabwe, thence southwards along the said international boundary to the junction of the Ramokgwebana and Shashe rivers; thence generally westwards and northwards along the North-East District boundary to the point of commencement.

POPULATION BASED ON CENSUS: 37 814

CONSTITUENCY NO. 8

NAME: The Sebina and Gweta Constituency

BOUNDARY:

Commencing on the international boundary between Botswana and Zimbabwe at its point of junction with the Dukwe Cordon Fence; thence following that cordon fence south-westwards to the most easterly corner of the Dukwe quarantine camp; thence in a straight line south-eastwards to the highest point of the most easterly of the Makuta hills; thence in a straight line north-eastwards to a point one mile due north of the Church at old Nswazia; thence in a straight line due east to the western boundary of the North-East District; thence southwards along the said district boundary to a point on that boundary four miles northwards in a straight line from the point of intersection of the said boundary and the main Francistown — Maun road; thence westwards in a straight line to the gate in the cordon fence at approximately latitude $21^{\circ} 8'$ South and longitude $26^{\circ} 16'$ East, known as the Tapanan Gate; thence north-westwards in a straight line to a point ten miles due east of the cattle crush at Thabatshukudu; thence northwards in a straight line to a point four miles due south of the most southerly of the water holes at Tsegara; thence in a straight line westwards to beacon 'C' (as defined in the Second Schedule to the Tribal Territories Act (Cap. 32:03) being a point on the Maun and Chobe Constituency boundary; thence northwards, westwards northwards and eastwards along the said boundary to its point of junction with the international boundary between Botswana and Zimbabwe on latitude 19° South; thence south-eastwards along the said international boundary to the point of commencement.

POPULATION BASED ON CENSUS: 23 929

CONSTITUENCY NO. 9

NAME: The Nkange Constituency

BOUNDARY:

Commencing at the point of junction of the western boundary of the North-East Constituency and the international boundary between Botswana and Zimbabwe; thence generally northwards along the said international boundary to its point of junction with the Dukwe Cordon Fence, being a point on the Sebina and Gweta Constituency boundary; thence generally south-westwards, south-eastwards and north-eastwards along the said constituency boundary to its junction with the western boundary of the North-East Constituency; thence generally northwards along the said boundary to the point of commencement.

POPULATION BASED ON CENSUS: 20 670

CONSTITUENCY NO. 10

NAME: The Boteti Constituency

BOUNDARY:

Commencing on the Maun and Chobe Constituency boundary at the point of junction of the western and south-western boundaries of the Central District just north of latitude 21° south; thence northwards and generally eastwards along the Maun and Chobe Constituency boundary to beacon 'C' (as defined in the Second Schedule to the Tribal Territories Act, (Cap. 32:03), being a point on the Sebina and Gweta Constituency boundary; thence eastwards, southwards and southeastwards along the latter boundary to the gate in the cordon fence known as the Tapani Gate; thence south-westwards along the said cordon fence to the Malatswai Gate in that fence; thence south-eastwards following the southern Serowe — Rakops road to a point on that road due south of the highest point of Bosupye hill; thence in a straight line due west-south-west to the Central District boundary; thence north-westwards along the said district boundary to the point of commencement.

POPULATION BASED ON CENSUS: 33 211

CONSTITUENCY NO. 11

NAME: The Tonota Constituency

BOUNDARY:

Commencing at the point of intersection of the western boundary of the North-East District and the main Francistown — Maun road; thence northwards along the said district boundary to its point of junction with the southern boundary of the Sebina and Gweta Constituency; thence westwards along the said constituency boundary to the gate in the cordon fence known as the Tapani Gate; thence south-westwards along the said fence and the Boteti Constituency boundary to the north-east corner of the Makoba quarantine camp; thence in a straight line eastwards to a point on the Monyenana river due north of the well at Bolathaga; thence eastwards down the said river to its junction with the Motloutse river; thence eastwards down the Motloutse river to its intersection with the eastern boundary of the Railway Reserve south of Foley Siding; thence northwards along the said eastwards boundary of the Railway Reserve to a point opposite the north end of Foley Siding; thence in a straight line due north-east to the North-East District boundary; thence generally northwards along the said district boundary to the point of commencement.

POPULATION BASED ON CENSUS: 27 454

CONSTITUENCY NO. 12

NAME: The Mmadinare Constituency

BOUNDARY:

Commencing at a point on the eastern boundary of the Railway Reserve opposite the northern end of Foley Siding, being a point on the Tonota Constituency boundary; thence north-eastwards along the said constituency boundary to the intersection thereof with the North-East District boundary, being a point on the Shashe river; thence eastwards along the North-East District boundary to the point of intersection thereof with the international boundary between the Republics of Botswana and Zimbabwe at the confluence of the Shashe and Ramokgwebana rivers; thence in a straight line southwards to the point of intersection of the Seoka river

with the boundary between the Bamangwato Tribal Territory and the Tuli Block; thence south-westwards along the said boundary to beacon 'C' of the former Farm 2-MR (Vide Diagram A. 3368/1925); thence north-westwards to beacon 'A' of the said Farm, situated on Elebe hill; thence in a straight line west-north-westwards to a point on the eastern boundary of the Railway Reserve opposite the northern end of Dikabeya Siding; thence northwards along the eastern boundary of the Railway Reserve to the point of commencement.

2. The Township of Selibe Phikwe is excluded from the above description.

POPULATION BASED ON CENSUS: 27 705

CONSTITUENCY NO. 13

NAME: The Bobirwa Constituency

BOUNDARY:

Commencing at the confluence of the Shashe and Ramokgwebana rivers, being a point on the international boundary between the Republics of Botswana and Zimbabwe; thence in a straight line southwards to the point of intersection of the Seoka river with boundary between the Bamangwato Tribal Territory and the Tuli Block; thence south-westwards along the said boundary to beacon 'C' of the former Farm 2—MR (Vice Diagram A. 3368/1925); thence continuing south-south-westwards along the boundary between the Bamangwato Tribal Territory and the Tuli Block to the intersection thereof with the Palapye — Martins Drift road; thence south-eastwards along th said road to the point of intersection thereof with the Limpopo River being a point on the international boundary between the Republics of Botswana and South Africa; thence generally north-eastwards along the international boundary between the Republics of Botswana and South Africa and north-westwards along the boundary between the Republics of Botswana and Zimbabwe to the point of commencement.

POPULATION BASED ON CENSUS: 29 292

CONSTITUENCY NO. 14

NAME: The Serowe North Constituency

BOUNDARY:

Commencing at the intersection of the Lotsane river and the Palapye — Serowe road; thence westwards along that road to Serowe village and westwards through the said village, following the said road to the north of the Post Office and immediately to the south of the District Commissioner's office and continuing westwards along the southern Serowe — Rakops road to the Maletswai Gate in the cordon fence; thence north-eastwards following the said fence to the north-east corner of the Makoba quarantine camp, being a point on the Tonota Constituency boundary; thence eastwards along the said Constituency boundary to the point of intersection of the Motloutse river and the eastern boundary of the Railway Reserve south of Foley Siding, being a point on the Mmadinare Constituency boundary; thence southwards along the Mmadinare Constituency boundary to a point on the eastern boundary of the Railway Reserve opposite the north end of Dikabeya Siding; thence in a straight line southwestwards to the point of commencement.

POPULATION BASED ON CENSUS: 25 328

CONSTITUENCY NO. 15

NAME: The Serowe South Constituency

BOUNDARY:

Commencing at a point on the western boundary of the Railway Reserve three kilometres south of the southern end of Radisele Siding; thence west-north-westwards in a straight line to trigonometrical beacon BPP 17 on Kutswe hill in the Mokgware hills; thence to the point of intersection of the Mojabana — Mosolotsane road with the Mmaitshokwane river; thence north-westwards in a straight line to a point on the Boteti Constituency boundary approximately three kilometres due north of Lepalapala cattle post; thence north-eastwards along the said constituency boundary to a point on the southern Serowe — Rakops road due south of the highest point of Bosupye hill, being a point on the boundary of the Serowe North Constituency; thence eastwards along the boundary of the said constituency to the point of intersection of the Lotsane river and the Serowe — Palapye road; thence in a straight line south-westwards to the north-west corner of the Leupane Livestock Improvement Centre; thence along the western boundary of the said Centre to the south-west corner thereof; thence in a straight line south-eastwards to a point on the western boundary of the Railway Reserve opposite the southern end of Makoro Siding; thence southwards along the western boundary of the Railway Reserve to the point of commencement.

POPULATION BASED ON CENSUS: 22 581

CONSTITUENCY NO. 16

NAME: The Tswapong North Constituency

BOUNDARY:

Commencing at a point on the eastern boundary of the Railway Reserve opposite the north end of Dikabeya Siding, being a point on the boundaries of the Mmadinare and Serowe North Constituencies, thence eastwards to beacon 'A' of the former Farm 2—MR (Vide Diagram A.3368/1925) situated on Elebe hill; thence south-eastwards to beacon 'C' of the said Farm; thence south-westwards along the boundary between the Bamangwato Tribal Territory and the Tuli Block to the point of intersection thereof with the Palapye — Martins Drift road; thence west-north-westwards along the said road to the point of intersection thereof with the Pilikwe — Letseng road; thence in a straight line westwards to a point on the western boundary of the Railway Reserve opposite the southern end of Makoro Siding, being a point on the Serowe South Constituency boundary; thence north-westwards northwards and north-eastwards along the said Constituency boundary to the junction thereof with the Serowe North Constituency boundary at the intersection of the Lotsane river and the Serowe — Palapye road; thence north-eastwards along the said constituency boundary to the point of commencement.

POPULATION BASED ON CENSUS: 33 992

CONSTITUENCY NO. 17

NAME: The Tswapong South Constituency

BOUNDARY:

Commencing at the intersection of the main road and the international boundary between the Republics of Botswana and South Africa at Martins Drift, being a point on the Bobirwa Constituency boundary; thence westwards along the said road and

the Bobirwa Constituency boundary to the intersection of the said road with the boundary between the Bamangwato Tribal Territory and the Tuli Block, being a point on the Tswapong North Constituency boundary; thence westwards along the said constituency boundary to a point on the western boundary of the Railway Reserve opposite the southern end of Makoro Siding; thence southwards along the western boundary of the Railway Reserve to the intersection thereof with the Taupye river; thence downstream along the said river to the confluence thereof with the Mahalapye river; thence downstream along the Mahalapye river to the point of intersection thereof with the boundary between the Bamangwato Tribal Territory and the Tuli Block, being a point on the boundary of the Farm Limpopo 28—LQ; thence north-eastwards to the northernmost corner of the said farm; thence south-eastwards along the boundary between the said farm and the Farm Exchange 27—LQ to the point where the said boundary meets the middle of the Limpopo river, being a point on the international boundary between the Republics of Botswana and South Africa; thence generally north-eastwards along the said international boundary to the point of commencement.

POPULATION BASED ON CENSUS: 28 440

CONSTITUENCY NO. 18

NAME: The Shoshong Constituency

BOUNDARY:

Commencing at a point on the western boundary of the Railway Reserve three kilometres south of the southern end of Radisele Siding, being a point on the Serowe South Constituency boundary; thence north-westwards along that constituency boundary to its junction with Boteti Constituency boundary then west-south-westwards along the Boteti Constituency boundary to its junction with the Central District boundary; thence south-eastwards along that district boundary to the south-western corner of the Debeti quarantine camp; thence along the north-western and north-eastern boundaries of that camp to the western boundary of the Railway Reserve; thence north-eastwards along the western boundary of the Railway Reserve to its intersection with the Bonwapitse river; thence upstream along the Bonwapitse river to its intersection with the Mahalapye — Shoshong road; thence in a straight line north-eastwards to a point on the western boundary of the Railway Reserve opposite the northern end of Lose Siding; thence north-eastwards along the western boundary of the Railway Reserve to the point of commencement.

POPULATION BASED ON CENSUS: 22 503

CONSTITUENCY NO. 19

NAME: The Mahalapye Constituency

BOUNDARY:

Commencing at the point of intersection of the western boundary of the Railway Reserve with the Taupye river being a point on the Tswapong South and Shoshong Constituency boundaries; thence downstream along the Taupye river to the confluence thereof with the Mahalapye river; thence downstream along the Mahalapye river to the point of intersection thereof with the boundary between the Bamangwato Tribal Territory and the Tuli Block being a point on the boundary of the Farm Limpopo 28—LQ; thence north-eastwards to the northernmost corner of the said Farm; thence south-eastwards along the boundary between the said Farm

and the Farm Exchange 27—LQ to the point where the said boundary meets the middle of the Limpopo river, being a point on the international boundary between the Republics of Botswana and South Africa; thence generally south-westwards along the said international boundary to the point where it meets the boundary between the Kgatleng and Central Districts being a point at the confluence of the Limpopo and Ngotwane rivers; thence south-westwards and north-westwards along the boundary between the Kgatleng and Central District to the point where the said boundary meets the westernmost corner of Dibete quarantine camp, being a point on the Shoshong Constituency boundary; thence along the north-western and north-eastern boundaries of Dibete quarantine camp to the western boundary of the Railway Reserve; thence north-eastwards along the western boundary of the Railway Reserve to the point of intersection thereof with the Bonwapitse river; thence upstream along the Bonwapitse river to the point of intersection thereof with the Mahalapye — Shoshong road; thence in a straight line north-eastwards to a point on the Railway Reserve opposite the northern end of Lose Siding; thence north-eastwards along the western boundary of the Railway Reserve to the point of commencement.

POPULATION BASED ON CENSUS: 32 467

CONSTITUENCY NO. 20

NAME: The Kgatleng and Tlokwen Constituency

BOUNDARY:

- (1) The boundaries of the Batlokwa Tribal Territory; and
- (2) Commencing at the point of intersection of the Dikgokonyane river and boundary of the Kgatleng District, also being the international boundary between Botswana and the Republic of South Africa; thence in a straight line west-north-westwards to trigonometrical beacon BPS 128 on Morwa hill; thence in a straight line north-westwards through trigonometrical beacon BPS 129 on Botswelakgosi hill to the point of intersection with the boundary of the Kweneng and Kgatleng Districts; thence southwards, south-eastwards, eastwards and north-eastwards along the Kgatleng District boundary to the point of commencement.

POPULATION BASED ON CENSUS: 23 422

CONSTITUENCY NO. 21

NAME: Mochudi Constituency

BOUNDARY:

Commencing at the point of intersection of the Dikgokonyane river and the boundary of the Kgatleng District, also being the international boundary between Botswana and the Republic of South Africa; thence west-north-westwards and north-westwards along the boundary of the Kgatleng and Tlokwen Constituency to its point of intersection with the boundary of the Kweneng and Kgatleng Districts; thence northwards, south-eastwards, north-eastwards, southwards and south-westwards along the Kgatleng District boundary to the point of commencement.

POPULATION BASED ON CENSUS: 28 016

CONSTITUENCY NO. 22

NAME: The Molepolole Constituency

BOUNDARY:

Commencing at trigonometrical beacon BPS 119 on Mankanke hills; thence in a straight line westwards to trigonometrical beacon BPT 222 on Semarule hill; thence in a straight line south-westwards to the junction of the Molepolole and Gamolele rivers; thence in a straight line westwards to trigonometrical beacon BPS 114 at Maratagome; thence due west in a straight line to the intersection of that line and a straight line joining the beacon at Kubung Spruit on the Kweneng/Ngwaketse District boundary (1 1/2 miles upstream from the junction of the Kubung Spruit and the Mafatelo river) and the Matlagatse borehole; thence north-north-westwards along the said line to the Matlagatse borehole; thence north-eastwards in a straight line to a point four miles due south of Botlhapatlou borehole; thence due east in a straight line to its point of intersection with the Lephephe — Molepolole road; thence in a straight line east-north-eastwards to Moetlo borehole; thence in a straight line southwards to the point of commencement.

POPULATION BASED ON CENSUS: 29 855

CONSTITUENCY NO. 23

NAME: The Kweneng East Constituency

BOUNDARY:

Commencing at trigonometrical beacon BPS 119 on Mmakanke hill being a point on the Molepolole Constituency boundary; thence generally south-westwards and westwards along the Molepolole Constituency boundary to the point of intersection thereof with the Molepolole — Thamaga road; thence southwards along the said road to the point of intersection thereof with the Diphephe river; thence generally east-north-eastwards along the said river to the confluence thereof with the Metsemotlhaba river; thence continuing in a north-easterly direction along the Metsemotlhaba river to the confluence thereof with the Kopong river being a point on the boundary between the Kweneng and Kgatleng Districts; thence continuing in a generally northwards direction along the boundary between the Kweneng and Kgatleng Districts to the intersection thereof with the boundary of the Central District on Ramaselwane hill; thence north-westwards and west-north-westwards along the boundary between the Kweneng and Central Districts to the south-east corner of Farm 2—LO; thence due west along the southern boundary of Farm 2—LO to the southeast corner of Farm 1—LO; thence continuing due west along the southern boundary of Farm 1—LO to a point approximately 6 kilometres distant from the southeast corner thereof; thence southwards in a straight line to a point on the Molepolole Constituency boundary being a point on the Molepolole — Lephephe road; thence east-north-eastwards in a straight line to Moetlo borehole; thence south-south-westwards in a straight line to the point of commencement.

POPULATION BASED ON CENSUS: 27 134

CONSTITUENCY NO. 24

NAME: The Kweneng South Constituency

BOUNDARY:

Commencing at the confluence of the Metsemotlhaba and Kopong rivers being a point on the boundary between the Kweneng and Kgatleng Districts; thence south-eastwards along the said District boundary to the north-west corner of the Gaborone Block; thence south-westwards along the western boundaries of the Gaborone Block; the Gaborone Township and the Farms Forest Hill 9—KO, Traquar 10—KO and

Crocodile Pools 15—KO to the south-west corner of the Farm Crocodile Pools 15—KO, being a point on the boundary between the Kweneng and Southern Districts; thence in a generally west-north-westwards direction along the boundary between the Kweneng and Southern Districts to the beacon on the Kubung river; thence northwards in a straight line towards Matlagatse borehole to a point on that line due west of trigonometrical beacon BPS 114 at Maratagome; thence due east to the said beacon; thence eastwards in a straight line towards the confluence of the Gamoleele and Molepolole rivers to a point where this line is intersected by the Molepolole — Thamaga road; thence southwards along the said road to the point of intersection thereof with the Diphepe river; thence generally east-north-eastwards along the said river to the confluence thereof with the Metsemotlhaba river; thence continuing in a north-easterly direction along the Metsemotlhaba river to the point of commencement.

POPULATION BASED ON CENSUS: 34 479

CONSTITUENCY NO. 25

NAME: Kweneng West Constituency

BOUNDARY:

Commencing at the north-west corner of the Kweneng District; thence due east along the boundary between the Kweneng and Ghanzi Districts to the south-west corner beacon of the Farm 1—LO; thence continuing due east to a point approximately 6 kilometres due west of the southeast corner beacon of Farm 1—LO; thence southwards in a straight line to a point on the Molepolole Constituency boundary being a point on the Molepolole — Lephepe road; thence due east to a point 6,4 kilometres south of Botlhapatlou borehole; thence south-westwards in a straight line to Matlagatse borehole; thence south-south-eastwards to the beacon on the Kubung river being a point on the boundary between the Kweneng and Southern Districts; thence west-north-westwards along the boundary between the Kweneng and Southern Districts to the point of intersection thereof with the boundary of the Kgalagadi District; thence due north along the boundary between the Kweneng and Kgalagadi District to the point of commencement.

POPULATION BASED ON CENSUS: 25 659

CONSTITUENCY NO. 26

NAME: Gaborone South Constituency

BOUNDARY:

Commencing at the point of intersection of the centre line of the 1982 Gaborone — Molepolole road with the western boundary of the Gaborone Township; thence generally south-eastwards along the centre line of the said road to the point of intersection thereof with the eastern boundary of the railway strip; thence north eastwards along the eastern boundary of the railway strip to the point of intersection thereof with the southern boundary of the former Farm Broadhurst 5—KO (now Lot 5384, Gaborone); thence eastwards along the southern boundary of the former farm Broadhurst 5—KO to the point where it meets the middle of the Ngotwane River; thence south-westwards along the middle of the Ngotwane river to the point where it meets the northern boundary of Portion 1 of the Farm Kentholme 13—KO (now Lot 6652, Gaborone) being a point on the Gaborone Township boundary; thence

generally south-eastwards, westwards, north-eastwards, north-westwards and north-eastwards along the boundaries of the Gaborone Township to the point of commencement.

POPULATION BASED ON CENSUS: 31 384

CONSTITUENCY NO. 27

NAME: The Moshupa Constituency

BOUNDARY:

Commencing at a point on the northern boundary of the Ngwaketse District due north of the borehole at Loherwane; thence in a straight line due south to the borehole at Loherwana; thence in a straight line south-eastwards to the borehole at Tlanege; thence in a straight line east-south-eastwards to the intersection of the Kanye — Moshupa road and a tributary of the Moshupa river, known as the Hatsalatladi river, approximately 1 1/2 miles south of Moshupa; thence in a straight line south-south-eastwards to the trigonometrical beacon BPS 110 at Kwowe; thence in a straight line due south to the Kanye — Lobatse main road; thence south-eastwards along that road to the bridge over a river immediately south of Kamawe; thence in a straight line due east-north-east to the Ngwaketse district boundary; thence generally northwards and westwards along that district boundary to the point of commencement.

POPULATION BASED ON CENSUS: 28 672

CONSTITUENCY NO. 28

NAME: Ngwaketse South Constituency

BOUNDARY:

Commencing at a point due south of trigonometrical beacon BPS 110 on the main Kanye — Lobatse road; thence south-eastwards along the said road to the point where the road crosses the Maisane river approximately two kilometres to the south of Kamawe borehole; thence in a straight line due east-north-eastwards to the intersection thereof with the boundary between the Southern and South-East Districts; thence south-south-westwards along the western boundary of the South-East District to the point of intersection thereof with the northern boundary of the Barolong Farms; thence westwards along the northern boundary and south-westwards along the western boundary of the Barolong Farms to the intersection thereof with the middle of the Molopo river being a point on the international boundary between the Republics of Botswana and South Africa; thence westwards along the said international boundary to the point where the southern prolongation of western boundary of the ranch known as Dikgatlhong meets the international boundary thence northwards in a straight line to and along the western boundary of dikgatlhong to the north-west corner thereof; thence in a straight line northwards to a point approximately ten kilometres north-west of Tsatsu borehole and situated on the straight line between Tsatsu and Mahurane boreholes; thence in a straight line south-eastwards to Tsatsu borehole; thence in a straight line north-eastwards to Mmabadisa borehole; thence in a straight line north-eastwards to the point of commencement.

POPULATION BASED ON CENSUS: 28 057

CONSTITUENCY NO. 29

NAME: Kanye Constituency

BOUNDARY:

Commencing at Loherwana borehole; thence in a straight line south-eastwards to Tlanege borehole; thence in a straight line east-south-eastwards to the point of intersection of the Kanye — Moshupa road and a tributary of the Moshupa river known as the Hatsalatladi river, approximately 2,5 kilometres south of Moshupa; thence in a straight line south-south-eastwards to trigonometrical beacon BPS 110 of Kwone hill; thence in a straight line due south to the Kanye — Lobatse main road; thence in a straight line south-westwards to Mmabadisa borehole; thence in a straight line south-westwards to Tsatsu borehole; thence in a straight line north westwards towards Mahurane borehole for a distance of approximately ten kilometres; thence northwards to the point of commencement.

POPULATION BASED ON CENSUS: 27 696

CONSTITUENCY NO. 30

NAME: Ngwaketse West Constituency

BOUNDARY:

Commencing at the northwest corner of the Southern District; thence east-south-eastwards along the boundary between the Southern and Kweneng Districts to a point on the said boundary due north of Loherwane borehole; thence due south to Loherwane borehole; thence southwards to a point approximately ten kilometres northwest of Tsatsu borehole and situated on the straight line between Tsatsu and Mahurane boreholes; thence southwards to the northwest corner of the ranch known as Dikgatlong; thence along the western boundary of Dikgatlong ranch and the Southern prolongation of that boundary to the point of intersection thereof with the middle of the Molopo river, being a point on the international boundary between the Republics of Botswana and South Africa; thence westwards along the said international boundary to a point approximately three kilometres west of Mabule where easternmost boundary of the Kgalagadi District meets the Molopo river; thence generally northwards and north-westwards along the boundary between the Southern and Kgalagadi Districts to the point of commencement.

POPULATION BASED ON CENSUS: 25 325

CONSTITUENCY NO. 31

NAME: Lobatse and Barolong Constituency

BOUNDARY:

The boundary of:

- (1) The Lobatse Block as shown on Diagram B. 582/1912;
- (2) The Farm Hildavale 33—JO;
- (3) The Barolong Farms as shown on General Plan B. 65

POPULATION BASED ON CENSUS: 35 946

CONSTITUENCY NO. 32

NAME: Ramotswa Constituency

BOUNDARY:

The boundaries of the South East District Excluding:

- (1) The Batlokwa Tribal Territory;
- (2) The Lobatse Block;
- (3) The Farm Hildavale 33—JO;
- (4) The Farms Content 1—KO: Sowenflat 2—KO, Glen Valley 3—KO, the remaining extent of Farm Broadhurst B 4—KO and the remaining extent of Farm Kenmoir 1—KP.

POPULATION BASED ON CENSUS: 20 821

CONSTITUENCY NO. 33

NAME: Gaborone North Constituency

BOUNDARY

Commencing at the north-west corner of the Farm Content 1—KO; thence south-eastwards along the northern boundaries of the Farms Content 1—KO, Sowenflat 2—KO and Kenmoir 1—KP to the trigonometrical beacon BPS 127 on Oodi hill; thence continuing east-southeastwards along the northern boundary of Farm 1—KP to the north-east corner thereof; thence south-westwards along the eastern boundary of Farm 1—KP to the north east corner of portion 1 thereof; thence northwards along the northern boundary and south-westwards along the western boundary of portion 1 of Farm 1—KP to the south-west corner thereof; thereof; thence north-westwards along the southern boundary of Farm 1—KP to the middle of the Ngotwane river; thence generally south-westwards along the Ngotwane river to the point where it meets the southern boundary of the former Farm Broadhurst 5—KO (now Lot 5384, Gaborone); thence westwards along the southern boundary of the former Farm Broadhurst 5—KO to the point where it meets the eastern boundary of the railway strip; thence south-westwards along the eastern boundary of the railway strip to the point of intersection thereof with the centre line of the 1982 road from Gaborone to Molepolole; thence generally north-westwards along the centre line of the said road to the point of intersection thereof with the boundary between the Gaborone Township and the Kweneng District; thence north-eastwards along the western boundaries of the Gaborone Township, the Farm Broadhurst B 4—KO and Content 1—KO to the point of commencement.

POPULATION BASED ON CENSUS: 29 682

CONSTITUENCY NO. 34

NAME: Selibe-Phikwe constituency

BOUNDARY:

The boundaries of Selebi-Phikwe Township.

POPULATION BASED ON CENSUS: 29 467

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